# **Historic, Archive Document**

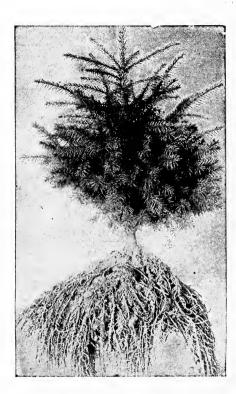
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# Plant T

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# **EVERGREEN NURSERY**

KATZENBERGER BROS., FOSTERS, MICH.

Phone, Rural 181-F3



JOSEPH KATZENBERGER

PHILIP KATZENBERGER

#### Greeting:--

We take pleasure in presenting to our patrons, this catalogue for 1928. No business can have constant growth unless it is retaining its old trade, and old customers are not retained unless they are being pleased. For this is the most striking proof that we are pleasing them. You are certain to find in this list many items that you will want. We have a good line of Nursery stock and cordially invite you to call at our Nursery and inspect it. Mail orders and phone calls will receive our prompt attention.

Sincerely yours,

JOSEPH KATZENBERGER, PHILIP KATZENBERGER.

Prices quoted in this catalogue hold good until June 1st only.

Our Nursery may be found two miles north of Fosters, one mile east of Sheridan road, and about seven miles south of the Town Clock. We have road signs for your convenience, and also a map on last page.

Postage, Express or Freight charges must be paid by the purchaser.

Guarantee:—We guarantee to furnish live and healthy trees and plants, but cannot assume the responsibility that belongs to the purchaser. If plants and trees are satisfactory, plant them at once or heel them in a moist, shady place. If for any reason they are not satisfactory, they must be returned at once for exchange, or your money will be promptly and cheerfully refunded. Causes of failure are varied and many times beyond our observation and control.

# **EVERGREENS**

## ARBOR VITAE

American Arbor Vitae or Tree of Life—Is an evergreen for a great many	
uses. As a windbreak it has no superior; as a formal hedge it can not	
be beat. It will stand pruning and shearing as no other plant; as a	
screen for outbuildings, fences and other unsightly objects it is as	
good as the best.	
Arbor Vitae, 1½—2 ft.	\$1.50
Arbor Vitae, 2—3 ft.	2.00
Arbor Vitae, 3—4 ft.	2.50
Arbor Vitae, 4—5 ft.	3.50
Pyramidal Arbor Vitae (Thuja Pyramidalis)—The most compact and up-	
right of the species. Foliage is dark green and retains its color well	
Pyramidal Arbor Vitae, 1½—2 ft	\$5.00
Pyramidal Arbor Vitae, 2—3 ft.	6.00
Pyramidal Arbor Vitae, 3—4 ft.	7.00
Pyramidal Arbor Vitae, 4—5 ft.	8.00
Pyramidal Arbor Vitae, 4-5 ft.  Arbor Vitae (Hovey's Golden)—Compact, fan-shaped. The foliage is a	
golden yellow. 1½—2 ft.	\$2.50
Arbor Vitae (Globosa)—Forms a short, round, bushy tree.	
1½—2 ft.	\$3.00
Tom Thumb-A dwarf, globe-shaped evergreen with fine, dark green	1
foliomo	
1½ ft	\$1.50
- /2 - 20	7
JUNIPER	
Irish Juniper—Upright, finely cut foliage, very formal and dense.	
1½—2 ft	\$3.00
2—3 ft	4.00
3—4 ft	5.00
Pfitzer Juniper—A handsome, bushy tree with horizontal branches and	
blue-green foliage. Fine for borders and evergreen beds.	
1 11/ 4	
1—1½ ft.	\$2.50
Prostrate Juniper—A low, spreading evergreen, rarely growing to a greater	\$2.50
Prostrate Juniper—A low, spreading evergreen, rarely growing to a greater height than three feet. Leaves are sharp-pointed, gray-green, marked	\$2.50
Prostrate Juniper—A low, spreading evergreen, rarely growing to a greater height than three feet. Leaves are sharp-pointed, gray-green, marked on the upper surface by broad, white bands, light silvery beneath.	
Prostrate Juniper—A low, spreading evergreen, rarely growing to a greater height than three feet. Leaves are sharp-pointed, gray-green, marked	\$2.50 \$4.00
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## PINE

Austrian Pine (Pinus Nigra)—Its leaves are two in a sheath, straight and	
slender, from four to five inches long, and of such deep, rich green color that it is known in some parts of the world as the "Black Pine."	
12—18 inches	\$1.50
Jack Pine (Pinus Bankasiana)—A fast growing, angular pine. A native	
of the northern woods. It succeeds on light soils. It has light green foliage.	
2—3 ft.	\$0.75
3—4 ft	1.00
4-5 ft.  Mugho Pine (Dwarf Mountain Pine)—True dwarf form; the color is deep	1.50
green in summer and winter; it is free from insects or pests of any	
kind. It will grow in almost any location and with annual shearing can be kept as small as desired. The old definition, "Short and stout,	
can be kept as small as desired. The old definition, "Short and stout, and round about," fits the Mugho Pine.	
8—10 inches	\$2.00
10—12 inches	2.50
Ponderosa Pine (Pinus Ponderosa Scolpulorum)—Sometimes called the Bull Pine on account of the heavy, massive needles which are from six	
to ten inches long, of deep green color on the surface and bluish white	
underneath. It grows tall and upright, a well-rounded, pyramidal	
shape.	\$2.00
12-18 inches  Scotch Pine (Pinus (Sylvestris)—This well-known tree, the rapidity of	\$ <b>4.</b> 00
growth, its heartines and facility with which it may be grown on al-	
most all soils, has rendered this tree a great favorite.	<b>@1</b> 00
1½—2 ft	1.50
SPRUCE	
22.113.5	
Black Hill Spruce—In color the Black Hill Spruce varies from a delicate bluish tint to deep green. The tree is compact and rather bushy.	
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it has no superior.  8—10 ft.  10—12 ft.  10—12 ft.  20—2½ in. caliper  Camperdown Elm—A small tree with curious, spreading branches and dense dark green foliage. Grafted 2-year heads  Ash Leaved Maple—Also called Box Elder. A native tree of rapid growth. Is well adapted to a great variety of soils and locations.  6—8 ft.  8—10 ft.  Norway Maple—Akin to our Hard or Sugar Maple. Hardy, round-topped, with strong and spreading branches; deep green, broad foliage, giving a dense, deep shade and turning a golden yellow in the autumn.  8—10 ft.  9.2.00  9.3.5  9.40  9.40  9.5  9.5  9.5  9.6  9.6  9.6  9.7  9.7  9.7  9.7  9.7	DECIDUOUS SHADE TREES	
8—10 ft. 32.2½ in. caliper  Camperdown Elm—A small tree with curious, spreading branches and dense dark green foliage. Grafted 2-year heads	American White Elm—As a shade tree or for planting on the street or lawn	
10—12 ft. 2—2½ in caliper  Camperdown Elm—A small tree with curious, spreading branches and dense dark green foliage. Grafted 2-year heads  Is well adapted to a great variety of soils and locations.  6—8 ft.  8—10 ft.  Norway Maple—Akin to our Hard or Sugar Maple. Hardy, round-topped, with strong and spreading branches; deep green, broad foliage, giving a dense, deep shade and turning a golden yellow in the autumn.  8—10 ft.  Soft or Silver Maple—A tree of rapid growth and somewhat irregular shape. The leaves are bright green above and silvery white beneath. The tree is very hardy and easy to transplant.  6—8 ft.  8—10 ft.  2.56  Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foliage in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later in the season. 6—7 ft. slightly branched  Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree.  7—9 ft.  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft.  8—10 ft.  1.50  Shake Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts.  3—4 ft.  Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees.  5—6 ft.  6—8 ft.  1.50  1.50  1.50  1.50  1.51  1.52  1.52  1.52  1.54  1.55  1.54  1.55  1.55  1.56  1.56  1.57	it has no superior.	<b>eo F</b> 0
2—2½ in. caliper Camperdown Elm—A small tree with curious, spreading branches and dense dark green foliage. Grafted 2-year heads Ash Leaved Maple—Also called Box Elder. A native tree of rapid growth.  Is well adapted to a great variety of soils and locations. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft. Norway Maple—Akin to our Hard or Sugar Maple. Hardy, round-topped, with strong and spreading branches; deep green, broad foliage, giving a dense, deep shade and turning a golden yellow in the autumn. 8—10 ft. Soft or Silver Maple—A tree of rapid growth and somewhat irregular shape. The leaves are bright green above and silvery white beneath. The tree is very hardy and easy to transplant. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft. 2.56 Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foliage in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later in the season 6—7 ft. slightly branched  Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree. 7—9 ft.  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. 7—8 ft.  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—4 ft.  Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft. 6—8 ft.  Sheak Walnut—A wery nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—1 ft.  Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft. 1.50 Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft. 3—4 ft.  Catalpa Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heart-shaped. 2-year heads.  European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. It y=2 ft.  Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries. 4—5 ft. 3—4 ft. 5—6 ft. 5—7 ft. 5—7 ft. 5—7 ft. 5—7 ft. 5—7 ft. 5—7 f	8—10 It,	
Camperdown Elm—A small tree with curious, spreading branches and dense dark green foliage. Grafted 2-year heads  Ash Leaved Maple—Also called Box Elder. A native tree of rapid growth. Is well adapted to a great variety of soils and locations.  6—8 ft	2—2½ in. caliner	5.00
Ash Leaved Maple—Also called Box Élder. A native tree of rapid growth.  Is well adapted to a great variety of soils and locations. 6—8 ft. \$1.2 instead of the soils and locations. 6—8 ft. \$1.5 instead of the soils and locations. 6—8 ft. \$1.5 instead of the soil of the s	Camperdown Elm—A small tree with curious, spreading branches and dense	
Is well adapted to a great variety of soils and locations. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft. Norway Maple—Akin to our Hard or Sugar Maple. Hardy, round-topped, with strong and spreading branches; deep green, broad foliage, giving a dense, deep shade and turning a golden yellow in the autumn. 8—10 ft. Soft or Silver Maple—A tree of rapid growth and somewhat irregular shape. The leaves are bright green above and silvery white beneath. The tree is very hardy and easy to transplant. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft. 10—12 ft. 112—2 inch Caliper Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foliage in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later in the season. 6—7 ft., slightly branched Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree. 7—9 ft.  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft.  81.6—8 ft.  8—10 ft.  Substance Chestnut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft.  Substance Chestnut—Makes a highly ornamental shade tree. 5—6 ft.  Substance Chestnut—Makes a highly ornamental shade tree. 5—6 ft.  Substance Chestnut—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its shaped. 2-year heads.  European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft.  Susian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries. 4—5 ft. 3—4 ft. 5—6 ft. 5—7 ft. 5—10 ft. 5—6 ft. 5—7 ft. 5—10 ft. 6—8 ft. 5—10 ft. 6—8 ft. 5—10 ft. 6—8 ft. 5—10 ft. 6—8 ft. 6—10 ft. 6—		\$6.00
6—8 ft. 8—10 ft. Norway Maple—Akin to our Hard or Sugar Maple. Hardy, round-topped, with strong and spreading branches; deep green, broad foliage, giving a dense, deep shade and turning a golden yellow in the autumn. 8—10 ft. Soft or Silver Maple—A tree of rapid growth and somewhat irregular shape. The leaves are bright green above and silvery white beneath. The tree is very hardy and easy to transplant. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft. 1½—2 inch Caliper  Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foliage in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later in the season. 6—7 ft. slightly branched  Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree. 7—9 ft.  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. 7—8 ft.  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—4 ft.  Sutter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft. 6—8 ft. 1.5. 8—10 ft. 9—10 ft. 9—1	Ash Leaved Maple—Also called Box Elder. A native tree of rapid growth.	
8—10 ft.  Norway Maple—Akin to our Hard or Sugar Maple. Hardy, round-topped, with strong and spreading branches; deep green, broad foliage, giving a dense, deep shade and turning a golden yellow in the autumn.  8—10 ft.  Soft or Silver Maple—A tree of rapid growth and somewhat irregular shape. The leaves are bright green above and silvery white beneath. The tree is very hardy and easy to transplant.  6—8 ft.  8—10 ft.  2.01  10—12 ft.  2.1½—2 inch Caliper  Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foliage in early spring, which gradually changes to a purplish green later in the season. 6—7 ft., slightly branched.  Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree.  7—9 ft.  Shack Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts.  3—4 ft.  Shack Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts.  3—4 ft.  Shack Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts.  3—6 ft.  6—8 ft.  1.56  Shack Walnut—A sea highly ornamental shade tree.  4—6 ft.  5—10 ft.  5—10 ft.  5—2.00  1.57  1.59  1.50		<b>\$1 25</b>
Norway Maple—Akin to our Hard or Sugar Maple. Hardy, round-topped, with strong and spreading branches; deep green, broad foliage, giving a dense, deep shade and turning a golden yellow in the autumn.  8—10 ft.  Soft or Silver Maple—A tree of rapid growth and somewhat irregular shape. The leaves are bright green above and silvery white beneath. The tree is very hardy and easy to transplant.  6—8 ft.  8—10 ft.  2.00  1.0—12 ft.  2.51  2.52  Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foliage in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later in the season. 6—7 ft., slightly branched  Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree.  7—9 ft.  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft.  81.00  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts.  3—4 ft.  Sutter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees.  5—6 ft.  1.50  1.51  Horse Chestnut—Makes a highly ornamental shade tree. 3—4 ft.  8—10 ft.  8—10 ft.  8—10 ft.  8—10 ft.  8—2.00  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft.  8—10 ft.  8—10 ft.  8—2.01  Catalpa Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and hearshaped. 2-year heads.  European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft.  8—10 ft.	8—10 ft.	1.50
with strong and spreading branches; deep green, broad foliage, giving a dense, deep shade and turning a golden yellow in the autumn.  8—10 ft. \$2.56  Soft or Silver Maple—A tree of rapid growth and somewhat irregular shape. The leaves are bright green above and silvery white beneath. The tree is very hardy and easy to transplant.  6—8 ft. \$1.50  8—10 ft. \$2.00  10—12 ft. \$2.50  11½—2 inch Caliper \$3.50  Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foliage in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later in the season. 6—7 ft., slightly branched \$3.00  Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree. 7—9 ft. \$2.00  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. \$2.50  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. \$3.00  3—4 ft. \$1.00  Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. \$1.00  6—8 ft. \$1.00  Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. \$1.00  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. \$1.00  Cut-Leaf Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heart-shaped. 2-year heads. \$1.00  Cut-Leaf Sungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heart-shaped. 2-year heads. \$1.00  Cut-Leaf Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. \$1.00  Catalpa Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heart-shaped. 2-year heads. \$1.00  Catalpa Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a sumbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heart-shaped. 2-year heads. \$1.00  Catalpa Bungii—The top is graf	Norway Maple—Akin to our Hard or Sugar Maple. Hardy, round-topped,	2.00
8—10 ft. \$2.50  Soft or Silver Maple—A tree of rapid growth and somewhat irregular shape. The leaves are bright green above and silvery white beneath. The tree is very hardy and easy to transplant.  6—8 ft. \$2.00 10—12 ft. \$2.50 11½—2 inch Caliper \$2.50  Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foliage in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later in the season. 6—7 ft., slightly branched \$3.00  Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree. 7—9 ft. \$2.00  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. \$1.70 7—8 ft. \$1.00  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—4 ft. \$1.00  Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. \$1.00  6—8 ft. \$1.00  Horse Chestnut—Makes a highly ornamental shade tree. 3—4 ft. \$1.00  Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. \$1.00  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. \$1.00  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. \$1.00  Catalpa Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heart-shaped. 2-year heads. \$1.00  Cut-Leaf Birch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft. \$1.00  Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries. \$1.00  Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. \$1.00  10—12 ft. \$1.0	with strong and spreading branches; deep green, broad foliage, giving	
Soft or Silver Maple—A tree of rapid growth and somewhat irregular shape. The leaves are bright green above and silvery white beneath. The tree is very hardy and easy to transplant.  8—10 ft. 2.00 10—12 ft. 2.51 1½—2 inch Caliper 3.56  Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foliage in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later in the season. 6—7 ft., slightly branched \$3.00  Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree. 7—9 ft. \$2.00  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. \$1.77—8 ft. \$1.00  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—4 ft. \$1.00  Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. \$1.00  is here. \$1.		<b>60 50</b>
shape. The leaves are bright green above and silvery white beneath. The tree is very hardy and easy to transplant.  6—8 ft	Seft or Silver Marle A tree of regid growth and compared irregular	\$2.50
The tree is very hardy and easy to transplant. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft. 10—12 ft. 2.50 1½—2 inch Caliper	shape. The leaves are bright green above and silvery white beneath.	
6—8 ft. 8—10 ft. 10—12 ft. 2.50 11½—2 inch Caliper  Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foliage in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later in the season. 6—7 ft., slightly branched  Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree. 7—9 ft.  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. 7—8 ft.  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—4 ft.  Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft. 6—8 ft.  Horse Chestnut—Makes a highly ornamental shade tree. 3—4 ft.  Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft.  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft.  Suropean Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft.  Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries. 4—5 ft. 3—4 ft.  Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft.  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft.  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft.  Lombardy Poplar—A most hearty and graceful tree. Forms a perfect head with long, slender branches drooping to the ground. 1-yr heads  Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft.  Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft.  S1.00  2.50  3.00  3.00  3.00  3	The tree is very hardy and easy to transplant.	
10—12 ft.  1½—2 inch Caliper  Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foliage in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later in the season. 6—7 ft., slightly branched  Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree.  7—9 ft.  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft.  7—8 ft.  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts.  3—4 ft.  Sutter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees.  5—6 ft.  6—8 ft.  Horse Chestnut—Makes a highly ornamental shade tree. 3—4 ft.  Sirch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft.  8—10 ft.  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft.  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft.  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft.  Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries.  4—5 ft.  3—4 ft.  Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired.  6—8 ft.  8—10 ft.  Carolina Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft.  8—10 ft.  10—12 ft.  11—14 ft.  12—15  13—16  14—25  15—16  15—16  16—16  16—16  17—17  18—16	6—8 ft	\$1.50
Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foliage in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later in the season. 6—7 ft., slightly branched.  Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree. 7—9 ft.  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. 7—8 ft.  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—4 ft.  Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft. 6—8 ft.  Horse Chestnut—Makes a highly ornamental shade tree. 3—4 ft.  Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft.  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft.  Catalpa Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heartshaped. 2-year heads.  European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft.  Russiam Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries. 4—5 ft. 3—4 ft.  Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft. 10—12 ft. 10—13 ft. 10—14 ft. 10—15 ft. 10—15 ft. 10—15 ft. 10—16 ft. 10—17 heads  Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft.  S1.00		2.00
Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foliage in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later in the season. 6—7 ft., slightly branched.  Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree. 7—9 ft.  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. 7—8 ft.  Slack Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—4 ft.  Sutter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft. 6—8 ft. 1.5  Horse Chestnut—Makes a highly ornamental shade tree. 3—4 ft.  Slich (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft.  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft.  Catalpa Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heart-shaped. 2-year heads.  European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft.  Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries. 4—5 ft. 8—10 ft. 1.0—12 ft.  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. 8—10 ft. 10—12 ft. 10—14 ft. 10—15 ft. 10—15 ft. 10—17 heads  Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft.  S1.00  \$3.00  \$		
age in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later in the season. 6—7 ft., slightly branched.  Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree. 7—9 ft.  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. 7—8 ft.  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—4 ft.  Stater Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft. 5—6 ft. 5—6 ft. 5—7 ft. 5—7 ft. 5—8 ft. 5—9 ft. 5—9 ft. 5—9 ft. 6—8 ft. 6—8 ft. 6—8 ft. 6—8 ft. 6—8 ft. 6—9 ft. 6—9 ft. 6—10 ft. 6	Swedlery Maple—Very much like Norway Maple, with bright crimson foli-	0.00
divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree. 7—9 ft. \$2.00  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. 2.50  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—4 ft. \$1.00  Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft. \$1.00 6—8 ft. \$1.00  Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. \$1.00  Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. \$1.00  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. \$2.00  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. \$2.00  Catalpa Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heartshaped. 2-year heads.  European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft. \$1.00  A-5 ft. \$1.00  Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. \$0.5  8—10 ft. \$0.7  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. \$0.7  8—10 ft. \$0.7  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.7  8—10 ft. \$0.7  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. Forms a perfect head with long, slender branches drooping to the ground. 1-yr heads  Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft. \$1.00	age in early spring, which gradually changes to a purpilsh green later	
divided foliage. It is a rapid grower and excellent lawn tree. 7—9 ft. \$2.00  Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. 2.50  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—4 ft. \$1.00  Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft. \$1.00 6—8 ft. \$1.00  Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. \$1.00  Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. \$1.00  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. \$2.00  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. \$2.00  Catalpa Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heartshaped. 2-year heads.  European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft. \$1.00  A-5 ft. \$1.00  Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. \$0.5  8—10 ft. \$0.7  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. \$0.7  8—10 ft. \$0.7  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.7  8—10 ft. \$0.7  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. Forms a perfect head with long, slender branches drooping to the ground. 1-yr heads  Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft. \$1.00	in the season. 6-7 ft., slightly branched	\$3.00
Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. 2.56  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—4 ft. \$1.00  Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft. \$1.00  E	Weir's Cut-Leaf Maple—This beautiful tree has a drooping habit and finely	
Mountain Ash—Has clusters of yellowish flowers, followed by large clusters of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. 2.56  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—4 ft. \$1.00  Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft. \$1.00 6—8 ft. \$1.00 Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. \$1.00 Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. \$1.00 Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. \$2.00 Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. \$2.00 Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. \$2.50 Cut-Leaf Birch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its shaped. 2-year heads. Foliage is large and light green, and heart-shaped. 2-year heads. \$2.50 European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft. \$1.00 Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries. \$1.00 A—5 ft. \$1.00 Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. \$0.5 8—10 ft. \$0.70 Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.70 8—10 ft. \$0.70 Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.70 8—10 ft. \$0.70 Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. Forms a perfect head with long, slender branches drooping to the ground. 1-yr heads \$4.50 Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft. \$1.00		\$2.00
of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft. 7—8 ft. 2.56  Black Walnut—A very nice shade tree, and also valued for its nuts. 3—4 ft. \$1.00  Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft. \$1.00  6—8 ft. \$1.00  Horse Chestnut—Makes a highly ornamental shade tree. 3—4 ft. \$1.00  Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. \$1.50  8—10 ft. \$2.00  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. \$4.00  Catalpa Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heart-shaped. 2-year heads. \$2.50  European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft. \$1.00  Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries. \$1.00  3—4 ft. \$0.57  Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. \$0.57  8—10 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.57  8—10 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.57  8—10 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.57  8—10 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.77  S—10 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.77  S—10 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.77  S—10 ft. \$0.79  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.57  S—10 ft. \$0.79  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.57  S—10 ft. \$0.79  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.57  S—10 ft. \$0.79  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 f	Mountain Ash—Has clusters of vellowish flowers, followed by large clusters	φ2.00
Teas	of crimson berrise. 5—6 ft.	\$1.75
3—4 ft. \$1.00  Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft. \$1.00 6—8 ft. \$1.00  Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. \$1.50 8—10 ft. \$2.00  Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. \$4.00  Catalpa Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heart-shaped. 2-year heads. \$2.50  European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft. \$1.00  Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries. \$1.00 3—4 ft. \$0.77  Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. \$0.77 8—10 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.77 8—10 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A most hearty and graceful tree. Forms a perfect head with long, slender branches drooping to the ground. 1-yr heads \$4.50  Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft. \$1.00	7—8 ft	2.50
Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native, the nuts of which make a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft. \$1.00 6—8 ft. \$1.50 ft. \$1.00 ft. \$1.00 ft. \$2.00 f		<b>Q1 00</b>
a delightful pastime. Nice, straight, well-rooted trees. 5—6 ft	Butter Nut—Also called White Walnut. A native the nuts of which make	φ1.00
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Horse Chestnut—Makes a highly ornamental shade tree. 3—4 ft. \$1.00 Birch (White)—Has a beautiful, white body. It is very contrasting with other trees. 6—8 ft. \$1.50 8—10 ft. \$2.00 Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft. \$4.00 Catalpa Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heartshaped. 2-year heads. \$2.50 European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft. \$1.00 Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries. \$1.00 3—4 ft. \$1.00 3—4 ft. \$0.70 Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. \$0.50 8—10 ft. \$0.70 8—10 ft. \$1.00 10—12 ft. \$1.00 10—	5—6 ft.	\$1.00
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umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heart-shaped. 2-year heads.  European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft. \$1.00 km. \$1.00 km	8—10 ft.	\$2.00
umbrella-shaped head. Foliage is large and light green, and heart-shaped. 2-year heads.  European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft. \$1.00 km. \$1.00 km	Cut-Leaf Birch—It has beautiful, finely cut foliage. 6—8 ft.	\$4.00
European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft. \$1.00  Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries. \$1.00 3—4 ft. \$1.00  Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. \$0.50 8—10 ft. \$0.70  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.77  8—10 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.77  8—10 ft. \$1.00  10—12 ft. \$1.00  1-yr heads \$4.50  Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft. \$1.00  \$4.50	Catalpa Bungii—The top is grafted on four to six-foot stems, forming a	
European Larch—This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft. \$1.00  Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries. \$1.00 3—4 ft. \$1.00  Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. \$0.50 8—10 ft. \$0.70  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.77  8—10 ft. \$0.77  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.77  8—10 ft. \$1.00  10—12 ft. \$1.00  1-yr heads \$4.50  Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft. \$1.00  \$4.50	umorelia-snaped nead. rollage is large and light green, and heart-	\$2.50
soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft.       \$1.0         Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries.       \$1.0         4—5 ft.       \$1.0         3—4 ft.       0.7         Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired.       \$0.5         8—10 ft.       0.7         Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree.       6—8 ft.       \$0.7         8—10 ft.       1.0         10—12 ft.       1.2         Teas Weeping Mulberry—A most hearty and graceful tree. Forms a perfect head with long, slender branches drooping to the ground.       1-yr heads       \$4.5         Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit.       5—6 ft.       \$1.0	<b>European Larch</b> —This tree is very beautiful in spring and summer with its	φ2.50
Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries.   4—5 ft.   \$1.0   3—4 ft.   0.70	soft, light green needles. 1½—2 ft.	\$1.00
3—4 ft. 0.74  Carolina Poplar—A tall, fast-growing tree where quick shade is desired. 6—8 ft. \$0.5 8—10 ft. 0.7  Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft. \$0.7 8—10 ft. 10—12 ft. 1.0 12 ft. 12  Teas Weeping Mulberry—A most hearty and graceful tree. Forms a perfect head with long, slender branches drooping to the ground. 1-yr heads \$4.5  Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft. \$1.00	Russian Mulberry—Has glossy green foliage and lots of berries.	
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8—10 ft	6—8 ft.	\$0.50
Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft	8—10 ft	0.75
10—12 ft. 1.24  Teas Weeping Mulberry—A most hearty and graceful tree. Forms a perfect head with long, slender branches drooping to the ground. 1-yr heads \$4.5  Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft \$1.00	Lombardy Poplar—A tall, slim, rapid-growing tree. 6—8 ft.	\$0.75
Teas Weeping Mulberry—A most hearty and graceful tree. Forms a perfect head with long, slender branches drooping to the ground.  1-yr heads		1.00
fect head with long, slender branches drooping to the ground.  1-yr heads	Teas Weening Mulherry—A most hearty and graceful tree Forms a nor	1.25
1-yr heads	fect head with long, slender branches drooping to the ground.	
Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft \$1.00	1-yr heads	\$4.50
	Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A tree of graceful weeping habit. 5—6 ft	\$1.00

# DOUBLE FLOWERING TREES and FLOWERING SHRUBS

Bechetls Double—Flowering Crab. 3—4 ft.	\$1.50
Prunus Triloba—Double flowering plum. 3—4 ft.	\$1.50
Judas Tree (Red Bud)—A small-growing tree of irregular form with heart-shaped leaves covered with bright, pink blossoms early in the spring before the leaves appear. 3—4 ft.	\$1.25
Prunus Pissardi—Purple leaved plum. 3—4 ft.	\$1.50
Cydonia (Japan Quince)—Foliage bright green and glossy. Flowers are scarlet or rose and appear very early before the leaves. Each	\$0.50
Flowering Almonds—Almost the first shrub to bloom, with double pink flowers, like small roses. 2 ft	$$0.75 \\ 1.00$
Forsythea, Intermedia—These are pretty shrubs, with slender, drooping branches and yellow flowers in the spring, before the leaves appear.  2-3 ft.	\$0.50
Forsythea Fortuna (Golden Bell)—Is of upright growth with pendulous branches and bright green foliage. 3—4 ft.	\$0.50
Hydrangea Aborescens (Hills of Snow)—Are hardy shrubs of free-flower-habits. They bloom from midsummer until fall. 2—3 ft	\$0.75
flowers in cone-shaped formations, which turn pink in the fall.  2-3 ft.	\$0.75
Hydrangea Paniculata Grandi Flora—Same as above, except that it is in tree form. 3—4 ft.	\$1.25
Honeysuckle (Bella Albida)—White flowers followed by red fruit. Each Honeysuckle (Red Tartarian)—Light red flowers, red fruit. Each	0.50
Snowberry—A fine shrub with pink blossoms and showy white fruit as large as cherries, which persist way into the winter. Each	\$0.50
Waxberry or Indian Currant—A hardy shrub with small flowers and showy red fruit lines the upper third of the drooping branches, which hang on until mid-winter. Each	\$0.50
Philadelphus Grandiflorus—A class of old but popular shrubs. The blossoms are large and simply cover the bush. The foliage at all times is bright. The plant is very hardy and satisfactory. 3—4 ft.	\$0.50
Philadelphus Corronarius—Of the same general habits, but growing less tall, and is covered in June with masses of white blossoms with golden yellow stamens and is delightfully scented. 3—4 ft.	\$0.50 0.75
4—5 ft.  Philadelphus Aureus (Golden Syringea)—This shrub grows very bushy, but less tall than the others and sports golden yellow foliage in concontrast with the other kinds—12—18 inches	\$0.75
1½-2 ft.  Philadelphus Virginalis—A magnificent new variety moderately tall, the flowers are the largest, handsomest, and most sweetly fragrant of any	1.00
known variety with the longest blooming season. 2—3 ft	\$0.75 \$0.75
Snowball (Japanese)—Erect, compact, growing 6 to 8 feet in height with purple tinted foliage of beautiful pattern spangled with perfect ovoid	
croymbs of purest white in June. 2—3 ft	\$0.75
them 3 ft	\$0.75

## **SPIREA**

Spirea, Van Houtti—The grandest of all Spirea. Is an ornament for the lawn at any season, but when in bloom is a complete fountain of flowers, the foliage hardly showing. Hardy and will grow any place except in shade. 3—4 ft.	\$0.50 0.75
Spirea, Anthony Waterer—A charming dwarf shrub, 2 feet high, with broad heads of small, pink flowers that bloom continuously from June until fall. Each	\$0.50
Spirea, Frobelli—Dwarf and similar, but somewhat taller than the Anthony Waterer, with brighter and broader foliage, blooms from July until September. Each	\$0.50
Spirea Opulifolia (Golden Leaved Spirea)—A good shrub on its own account, but is planted much in contrast with other shrubbery. The foliage at all times is bright yellow; the blossoms are white; and the seed capsules red, turning brown in the fall which makes this shrub very popular. 3—4 ft.	\$0.50 0.75
Golden Elder—Its golden yellow leaves contrast beautifully with other shrubs, flowers white in flat cymes, grows 8 to 12 feet in height.  2—3 ft.	<b>\$0.5</b> 0
Tamerix (Hispida)—Blooms bright pink, in terminal panicles, leaves bluish- green. The hardiest in the northern climate. 2—3 ft	\$0.75
White Fringe—A very showy shrub with large, leathery, shiny leaves, and lace-like white flowers borne in graceful, drooping panicles.  2—3 ft.	\$1.50
Red Dogwood—Heavily branched and spreading, white flowers, followed by white berries lasting into winter, the bark is bright red and very striking, will do very well in the shade. 2—3 ft	\$0.50 0.75
Weigelia, Rosea—A beautiful shrub that blooms in May and June, hiding the foliage with their masses of rose-pink trumpets or bell-shaped flowers, the most popular variety. 2—3 ft.	\$0.50
Weigelia, Varigated—Leaves broadly margined creamy white; flowers pink one of the most useful and choice varigated-leaved shrub. 2—3 ft	\$0.75
Weigelia, Eva Roethke—The most distinct and one of the most attractive varieties; flowers are deep carmine red. 2—3 feet	\$0.75
Rhodotypus (White Kerria)—An attractive shrub with beautiful yellowish- green, corrugated foliage and large, single, white flowers followed by black berries. 2—3 ft.	\$0.75
Corchorus—A dwarf, varigated, silver-leaved bush with bright yellow flowers. 12—18 inches	\$0.50
Siberian Pea—A small shrub, it is covered with beautiful, pink, pea-shaped flowers in June. 2—3 feet	\$0.50
Lilacs—French double white. 2—3 feet  French double red. 2—3 ft.  French double purple. 2—3 ft.  Persian red. 2—3 ft.  Persian white. 2—3 ft.	\$1.00 1.00 1.00 0.75 0.75

#### HEDGE PLANTS

Per dozen \$2.00 Per 100	0.20 5.00
	0.10
	$\begin{array}{c} 12\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.15 \end{array}$
Lodense Privet—As the name implies, "low and dense." Good foliage.	0.10
	0.25
Regel's Privet—Is a variety of Iboda and is the so-called flowering privet.  The branches grow horizontal and bears small, white flowers, on lilaclike bunches, followed by black berries that persist a long time, even	
to spring. Regel's Privet will grow very well in shady places. Each \$ Barberry Thunbergi (Japanese Barberry)—Dwarf growing, uniformly bushy and rounded in form, will stand pruning well for a formal hedge. numerous thorns on its branches and so forms a barrier for lawn protection and dividing lines. Its green foliage turns to rich autumn colors in fall.	0.50
12—18 inches	0.00 5.00
1-yr. plants, each\$	0.75

# STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Certificate of Nursery Inspection

No. 876

This is to certify, that the Nursery stock of Evergreen Nursery, Katzenberger Bros., Fosters, Mich., has been examined and found to be apparently free from dangerous insects and dangerously contagious tree and plant diseases.

Herbert E. Powell, Commissioner. This certificate to be void after September 15, 1928.

Bureau of Agricultural Industry. A. C. Coon, Director. Lansing, Mich., Sept. 16, 1927.

E. C. Mandenberg,

In charge of Nursery and Orchard Inspection.

## PLANTING DIRECTIONS

First-Dig deep and wide; keep the good top soil on one side and the poor sub-soil on the other.

Second-Fill in hole enough good soil, that if the plant is set thereon, the crown of the roots is slightly below the level of the ground, according to the size

Third—Pack good soil around and under the roots, filling all empty spaces. Fourth—If the soil is dry, use water freely to moisten and further help pack the soil.

Fifth—Fill in more soil and tamp.

Sixth—Fill up with loose soil and level off.

It is needless to say that all mutilated roots should have been trimmed and straggling ones cut back, the tops cut to balance the proportion of the tops to the

Aside from a good watering in dry weather, frequent loosening of the surface with the hoe will be all that is necessary.



25 lbs. .... \$0.50

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VINES and CLIMBERS	,
Aristolochia (Dutchman's Pipe)	
Large, light green foliage, pipe-shaped, yellowish brown flowers. Each	\$1.00
and of namental fitut. Foliage almost evergreen. Each	\$0.50
Each Amelopsis Veitchi (Boston Ivy) Clings to brick and to stone walls. Foliage is handsome in summer, changing to scarlet	\$0.25
in autumn. Each  Begnonia Trumpet Vine—It is a splendid climber, vigorousand hardy, with clusters of large, scarlet, trumpet-shaped flow-	\$0.75
ers in August. Each	\$0.50
Celastrus, Bittersweet—Handsome, glossy foliage and large cluster of orange-crimson berries, which, if gathered and dried, make beautiful winter decorations. Each	\$0.50
Cinnamon Vine—Heart-shaped foliage, highly spice scented flowers and a very good climber. Each	\$0.50
Clematis Jackmani—A most popular vine and justly so. Commences to show its large, purple flowers early in the season and continues to cover the vine with masses of blooms. Each	\$0.75
Clematis Paniculata—This Japan Clematis is a hearty vine to cover trellis and in turn to cover itself with masses of little star-like flowers completely hiding foliage at a season when other vines refuse to bloom.  Each	\$0.50
Hall's Japan Honeysuckle—Flowers are intermingling of white and yellow and are very fragrant. It will grow in partial shade as on north side of buildings. Each	\$0.50
Peas Everlasting—A hary perennial climber; the same as sweet-pears but lacks the fragrance. It grows 6 to 8 feet in height, colors pink and white. Each	\$0.25
Polyconum (Silver-Lace Vine)—This is a quick growing vine. The small foliage is at all times fresh and shiny. It is covered in the late summer and fall with large sprays of small silvery white flowers. Each	\$0.50
Wisteria—A handsome vine to cover trellis and pergolas. Has drooping clusters of pea-shaped flowers. Each	\$0.75
FERTILIZER	
We have on hand for the convenience of our customers, Sacco Fertilizers, with a guaranteed analysis of 4-12-4, which is a very suitable fertilizer for lawns, shrubbery, flowers and vegetables, or wherever a fertilizer is required. It is put up in containers of convenient sizes.	
5 lb. pkg	\$1.75
10 lb. pkg	
Lime—Pulverized lime stone for sweetening the soil. 10 lbs	\$0.30 \$1.25

# ROSES, HYBRID TEAS, and PERPETUALS

American Beauty, H. P.—The best known and most popular rose. Deep pink, of good form, large with exquisite fragrance. Each	\$0.75
Eugene Furst, H. P.—Color deep red, shaded crimson. A profuse bloomer.  A most charming rose. Each	\$0.75
Frau Karl Druschki, H. P.—Snow-white, long, pointed buds, a large, full flower. Is a free and constant bloomer. Each	\$0.75
Gruss an Teplit, H. T.—Velvety crimson, blooming freely the whole season.	\$0.75
Hermosa, C. A.—A pleasing shade of clear pink. Ever-blooming. An old rose that will always be in demand. Each	\$0.75
Paul Neyron, H. P.—Deep pink, of large side, blooming all summer and more so in the cool month of September. Thornless branches. Each	<b>\$0.75</b>
Red Radiance, H. T.—A glowing crimson, free bloomer, of beautiful form, with sweet fragrance. Each	\$0.75
Sensation, H. T.—The finish suggests rich velvet, in color as scarlet-crimson deepened over all by glossy maroon. Each	\$0.75
Souvenir de Claudius Pernet, Per.—Its color is a definite, lovely sunflower yellow, deepening in the center, it retains its color indoors and outdoors, in bud and open bloom. Each	\$1.00
Ulrich Brunner, H. P.—Cherry red, its flower construction and habit is very pleasing and the color appealing. Each	\$0.75
CLIMBING ROSES and RAMBLERS	
American Pillar—Flowers 3-4 inches across, apple-blossom pink with a large cluster of yellow stamens, followed by clusters of ornamental fruit Each	\$0.50
American Pillar—Flowers 3-4 inches across, apple-blossom pink with a large cluster of yellow stamens, followed by clusters of ornamental fruit Each	\$0.50 \$0.75
fruit Each	
fruit Each  Climbing American Beauty—The climbing form of that popular bush variety has strong, healthy foliage and good climbing habits. Each  Climbing Baby Rambler—A very strong grower with the same style of foliage and color as well known bush Baby Rambler. Each	\$0.75
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fruit Each  Climbing American Beauty—The climbing form of that popular bush variety has strong, healthy foliage and good climbing habits. Each  Climbing Baby Rambler—A very strong grower with the same style of foliage and color as well known bush Baby Rambler. Each  Climbing Gruss an Teplitz—A perfect sheet of crimson when in bloom. Ea.  Crimson Rambler—The famous crimson clustered climber, fore-runner of a splendid class. Each  Dorothy Perkins—A beautiful shell-pink, foliage finer and smoother than	\$0.75 \$0.75 \$0.75
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Climbing American Beauty—The climbing form of that popular bush variety has strong, healthy foliage and good climbing habits. Each	\$0.75 \$0.75 \$0.75 \$0.75 \$0.75 \$0.75
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## POLYANTHA or BABY ROSES

Baby Dorothy - Clear, brilliant pink, very fragrant, a constant bloomer.

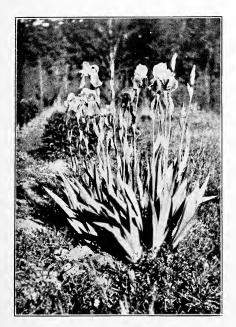
Baby La Marne — Semi-double, bright salmon-rose at edges, rosy-blush inside, it blooms abundantly and continuously in bouquets of 15-40 flowers.

Catherine Ziemet - Produces pure white flowers in abundance with fragrance similar to Hyacinths.

Crimson Baby Rambler -- The well-known original Baby Rambler, Deep crimson, freely blooming all summer.

#### TREE or STANARD ROSES

These roses are grafted on  $3\frac{1}{2}$  ft. stems. This reveals all the foliage and all the bloom in a rounded clump at the top. We have them in three 



### IRIS

Description: - (S) denotes the upper petals or standards. (F) denotes the lower petals or falls.

Alcazar (S) - Violet with bronze sheen. (F) Rich crimson with lighter veins.

Florentina Alba. — Pure white, sweet scented.

Gertrude-Deep violet blue and very fragrant.

Her Majesty (S)—Soft rose; (F) Deeper rose. Very attractive.

Isoline (S) -- Lilac pink; (F) Purplish old rose. Extra fine. Juanita - Clear blue, fragrant flowers, tall growing.

Madam Chereau-White, edge of petals fringed blue. A fine cut flower.

Pallida Speciosa—Very large, deep purple.

Reine Nixe—(S) White, very large. (F) Rich violet purple. narrow, white edge.

Loreley—(S) Light yellow; (F) Blue. A magnificent flower. Iris, each

\$0.25





Each

.....

HARDI PERENNIA	LS
Canterbury Bells (Campanula —an old favorite, large, bell-shaped flowers in mixe colors. Each 3 for	Í- ed \$0.20
Larkspur (Delphinium)—Hard perennial with long, show spikes of lovely shades of blue in early summer. W have them in mixed shades. Each \$0.20 3 for	y of e
Fox Glove (Digitalis) — Hand some plants that show large spikes of very ornament flowers in early summer.  Each \$0.25 5 for	e al
Achilla (The Pearl)—A ver hardy garden flower Bloom all summer and fall, smal pure white double blooms loose bunches, fine for mixin with cut flowers. Each	ns l, n g \$0.15
4 for	
Baby's Breath-Immense, fluffy, dense panicles of misty white. Each .	
Bleeding Heart—An old-fashioned favorite, its long racemes of gracef	al \$0.75
heart-shaped, pink flowers are always attractive. Each	'
Blue Myrtle—An evergreen, spreading vine, much used for ground cove ing in shady places, such as cemeteries, for grave coverings. Per do	z. \$1.00
Butterfly Bush—Of quick, bushy growth. When the lovely bloom-spike July radiating a delightful perfume, and glowing with the tints of	n of
the spring lilac. Each	\$0.50
Carnation—A beautiful strain of hardy pinks, which resembles most of a the indoor carnations. Giant red, pink, white and yellow. Each. Chrystanthemum—The hardy varieties which bloom in the open ground in the fall which are not so large as the greenhouse species. They bloom in clusters, and give display when other flowers are not in evidence.	\$0.25 n n e.
We have them in white, pink, yellow and red. Each	\$0.25
Creeping Phlox or Moss Pink—Beautiful plants for ground cover, low spreading branches and narrow, moss-like foliage. In early sprin	
it is covered with a wealth of little blooms. We have them in thre	ee
colors: Lavender, pink, and white. Clumps, each	\$0.25
Columbine (Long Spurred)—Hybrids, spring blooming, various color Each	s. \$0.25
Coriopsis—A hardy plant with large, showy, bright, yellow flowers, on lon	g
stems. A good cut-flower. The more one cuts the more will grow	v.
Will bloom all summer. Each	\$0.50 V
spring until fall, on stems 2 feet high. The flowers are dark red an	d
brown in the center while the petals are marked with rings of crimso	n
and orange. Each	
pink, white, yellow and crimson. Each	\$0.25
Oriental Poppies—Large, flaming orange-scarlet flowers in great profusion Flowers do not last a long time, but the foliage is highly ornamenta	l.

Pyrethrum (Painted Daisy)—In full bloom all summer. Various shades of red and pink. Each	\$0.25
Red Hot Poker (Tritoma)—6-inch spikes of red and gold flowers. Each	\$0.25
Sedum (Spectabilis Brilliant)—Of upright growth, 15-18 inches high. Foliage rounded, thick and rubbery, crowned with massive, flat cymes of dark crimson flowers. Each	\$0.25
Sedum (Spectabilis or Stonecrop)—A beautiful erect growing species with broad, thick, light green foliage and immense heads of showy, softrose flowers. Each	\$0.25
Shasta Daisy—Pure white flowers, 4 inches across on long stems, and bloom almost continually all summer. Each	\$0.25
Spirea Palmetta—The 4-5 ft. stems are topped with plumes 6-7 inches long, of fleecy pink flowers. Each	\$0.25
Veronica (Blue Bird Flower)—Spikes of bright blue flowers. Each	\$0.25
Yucca (Adam's Needle)—A showy everygreen plant with flower stems 4-5 feet high. Flowers are bell shaped, creamy white. Each	\$0.25

## **POENEAS**



Corunne de Or-Late white, large, round flowers of rose type. Each	\$0.75
Delachy—Late, rose type; deep rich crimson; free bloomer. Each	\$0.75
Felix Crousse—Late, exceptionally fiery red, bright and effective. Each	\$0.75
Festiva Maxima—Early, pure white with a faint trace of crimson on center petals. For sixty years it has held first rank. Each	\$0.75
Livingston—Late, very large, compact, perfect rose type. Color pale lilacrose with silver sheen, central petals flecked carmine. Each	\$0.75
Monsier Jules Elie—Early; a glossy lilac-pink, shading to deeper rose at the base of the entire flower, overlaid with a sheen of silver. Claimed to be the largest of all Peony flowers. Each	\$1.00
Officinalis Rubra—Earliest, dark red. A very free-bloomer. Each	

PERENNIAL PHLOX	
B. Compte—A brilliant rich French purple. Each	\$0.25
Beauty—A fine tall grower, with deep pink flowers. Each	\$0.25
Bridesmaid—A very large white, with crimson eye. Each	\$0.25
Champ Elysee—Bright rose magenta, a very fine flower. Each	\$0.25
Feuerbrand (New)—Enormous trusses of clear orange-scarlet, the largest	
of this color. A wonderful flower. Each	\$0.25
Independence—Pure white, of low growing habit. Each	\$0.25
Mrs. Jenkins—Very large, pure white, a tall grower. Each	\$25
Miss Milly Von Hoboken (New)—Soft pink without eye, very large flowers	
on long spikes, blooms in great profusion. Each	\$0.25
Rheinlander—A most beautiful salmon, immense flowers. Each	\$0.25
Ryndstrom—A lively Neyron shade of rose-pink. Each	
Special French—A beautiful blush pink, with salmon eye, enormous flower.	\$0.25
OI A DIOLLIC	

GLADIOLUS

Halley—Early, salmon pink. Independence—Fine rose pink. Mountain Rose—Early, soft pink.

Alice Tiplady-Prim.

Per dozen ..... Large flowered,

beautiful orange-saffron color.

America—Large flowered, flesh pink. Chicago White - White with lavender markings, of medium height.

Gretchen Zang—Soft pink, darker on lower petals, beautiful pink.

Maiden Blush — Prim. Early. Large

apple-blossom pink.

Mid-summer Dream-Prim. A beautiful geranium red.

Myra-Prim. Salmon yellow.

Niagara-Peach yellow, lower petals splashed carmine.

Baron Josef Hulot-Deep indigo blue. Byron L. Smith-Most refined lavender pink on white grounds Choice.

Crimson Glow--Extra large flowers of brilliant crimson. A beautiful,

E. J. Shaylor—Ruffled.

clear, deep, rose pink.
Evelyn Kirtland—Large, shell pink. Herada—Pure mauve, glistening and clear, one of the best grown.

Mary Fennel-Beautiful light lavender flowers, on tall, slender spikes, primrose yellow on lower petals.

Per dozen ...... A. B. Kundred—Ruffled creamy pink. large flowered, very strong stems. Clemenceau—Blood red self-color. Europa—White as the driven snow, perfect form with many flowers open at once, with blue anthlers.

Golden Measure-Large, fine, dark yellow, tall grower.

Mrs. Francis King — A fine strong growing variety, pure scarlet flow-

Pink Beauty-Early, pink ruby throat. .....\$0.50

Panama-Large deep pink, lovely flow-

Peace-Pure white with lilac markings on lower petals, a strong grower.

Principine—Scarlet with white blotch.

Roanoke-Prim. Early, a very good yellow.

Schwaben-Yellow with carmine mark-

Wilbrink - Flesh pink with creamy blotch on lower petals. An exquisite flower.

soft pink. Edges deeper pink. Extra fine.

> Mrs. Frank Pendleton-A very lovely flushed salmon-pink with blood-red blotches on lower petals. Very large and fine.

> Orange Glory-Ruffled, grand orange color with beautiful lighter throat.

> Prince of Wales - Golden-salmon. melting in throat to primrose-yel-

Scarlano-Ruffled, bright scarlet.

War-Flowers extremely large and plentiful, best of the late reds. ..... \$1.00

Marshal Foch-Ruffled, of finest salmon-pink. Almost self-color.

Purple Glory - Ruffled, purplish-maroon, its velvet richness heightened by almost black throat blotches.

Vivian-Velvety red with a creamy yellow throat.

Per dozen ...... \$1.50

# **DAHLIAS**

#### THE FLOWER FOR FALL

Spring is beautified by the Peony, summer would seem barren without the Rose. In like manner we have come to expect of autumn—the Dahlia.

### SHOW DAHLIAS

- This type is the most formal and perfect in shape, composed of short, stiff, numerous quills of varying character. They make excellent, compact bouquets and usually outlast the other types when cut.
- A. D. Livonia-A warm, rose-pink, medium size, but a most perfect flower.
- Arbella—Primrose yellow, tipped and shaded old rose and lavender. Very fine.
- Bonny Blue-It is the nearest approach to a regular blue yet produced.
- Cal Powers—One of the good show Dahlias. Petals opening back to stem, making a perfect ball, color a very delicate lilac-rose.
- Cuban Giant—Very large, 6 to 7 inches across. Glowing crimson-shaded maroon. A tall, strong grower.
- Delice—A warm tone of lilac-pink, overlaid on white, the full center shaded a deeper hue.
- Dewey—American Beauty shaded maroon. A perfect ball.
- Fire King—A thick, compact flower, velvety ruby red, with mottled bronze button center.
- Grand Duke Alexis—A very large full flower, white tinged with a trace of lavender, when first opening.
- Maud Adams—An early, free-blooming sort, white, suffused lavender at center.
- Robert Broomfield—Pure snow-white. Of large size. A very free bloomer. Grand for cut-flowers.
- Eurica—Flowers medium to large, well-formed, nearly as round as Dewey. Yellow shaded salmon.
- DeeLighted—Snow white, very large and free blooming.
  Sprouted tubers, each \$1.00

## POMPON DAHLIAS

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This class of Dahlia is of the show type, perfect in shape and make-up. Small in size, free and constant bloomers.	
Little Beauty—A miniature of A. D. Livonia, as round as a ball, pure pink petals, fully quilled. Indeed, a little beauty.	
Little Mars—Perfect little flowers, scarlet in color.	
Prince Charming—Cream tipped purple, a very free bloomer.	
Snowclad—A wonderful free bloomer, small pure white flower.	
Speckled Beauty—Flowers are speckled red and white. Very fine.  Sprouted tubers, each	\$0.25
PEONY FLOWERED DAHLIA	
Queen Wilhemina—The flowers of this grand variety are snow white, with a center of golden-yellow. They look like huge butterflies on the plant. Sprouted tubers, each	\$0.50
CACTUS DAHLIA	
This class of Dahlia is known by their long, narrow, tubular twisted petals, and loved by all for their lovely deep colors and beautiful shadings.	
California Beauty—Exceptionally free blooming and in every like a desirable cut flower. Its color is burnished copper, subdued by amber and warmed by a hint of coral in its shadowed depths.	
Betty Austin—Of perfect form even to the end. Very free and continuous bloomer. The long slim stems holding their burden erect. Color rich rosy carmine, with rose reflex, yellow at base and tips. Very distinct and showy.  Sprouted tubers, each	\$1.00
Countess of Lonsdale—An old but still popular variety. Free blooming and long lasting. Large and perfect. Color is amber and salmon pink.	
Floradora—Deep, dark, rich, wine crimson, large and perfect, splendidly shaped flowers on long, upright stems.	
Krimhilde—Graduating rose pink, the center petals changing to white, giving the flower a pink and white effect.	
Libelle (New)—Color cerise, a free bloomer, long quilled petals.	
Standard Bearer—Bright, pure scarlet, thick and full to the center, petals semi-quilled.	
Strahlenkrone—A large and full flower, brilliant cardinal-red with purple center and rose reflex.	
Zulu—Deep velvety purple, nearly black; a free bloomer, large blossoms.  Sprouted tubers, each	\$0.50
Prince of Yellow—One of the best canary-yellow. Fine for cutting.	
Queen of Hearts (New)—The best white cactus ever introduced; pure white shading to lemon-yellow at base of petals; very free bloomer.	
Lawine—A beautifully formed flower of large size. Pure white with a	
trace of lavender at center. Sprouted tubers, each	\$0.25

## DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

This class of Dahlias is a very free bloomer. Fine for cut flowers or land- scape work. The flowers are usually large, open faced, with broad, flat petals. The bright open faces prove a great attraction.	
Dakota—A fine large exhibition type, deep coral red, with coppery suffusion.	
Dr. Tevis—A magnificent exhibition type, liberal and large sized, color a salmon rose suffused with old gold, shading to a center of golden apricot.	
Mrs. I. Dever Warner—Rarely imperfect in form, of large size, its color is orchid-like or deep mauve pink. One of the finest of its class, very popular.  Sprouted tubers, each	\$1.00
Douzan—Said to be the largest grown. We have had them 10 inches across. A lovely shade of orange; long, broad petals sometimes showing an open center.	
Lavender Queen (New)—Large, finely shaped Dahlia of deep lavender, tall and imposing. Very free bloomer.  Midnight—Dark, velvety purple, nearly black. A great favorite.	
Mina Burgle—This Dahlia is a California introduction. Color scarlet red, its form is perfect decorative type, its petals being broad and flat.  Oben—Old rose with yellow suffusion. A very fine flower.	
Oregon Beauty—Profused, giant ball shaped bloom, intense oriental red, suffused with garnet. A golden sheen over all.  Sprouted tubers, each	\$0.50
Jack Rose—A magnificent flower, color a crimson red with maroon shadings. Named for its counterpart among roses, the famous "General Jack.	
Red Hussar—A very fine red Dahlia, a perfect ball, on long stems.  Sylvia—Flowers white in center shaded soft pink, overlaid with a tinge of lavender toward the edges. A favorite with the florists.	
Victoria—Primrose yellow; free flowering and early. Sprouted tubers, each	\$ .25
BULBS FOR FALL PLANTING	
We will have tulips, hyacinths, crocus, narcissus, daffodills in bloom at our Nursery this spring; Madonna lilies this summer. See them in bloom and make your selections. We will book your order for fall delivery.	
GOOSEBERRIES	
Houghton—Fruit red, medium sized. Each  Downing—Fruit green, bushes very thorny. Each  Gooseberries per dozen	$\begin{array}{c} \$0.25 \\ 0.25 \\ 2.50 \end{array}$
CURRANTS	
Cherry Currants—Fruit red, as large as cherries. Each	$^{\$0.25}_{2.50}$
ASPARAGUS	
Asparagus, Palmetto—2-yr old roots, selected. Per dozen	$0.50 \\ 1.00$
RHUBARB	
Rhubarb, Linnaeus—2-yr. old roots. Each Per dozen	$0.20 \\ 1.50$

# FRUIT TREES

## **APPLES**

Fruit is largely covered with bright red; flesh is fine-grained, crisp, and juicy with an aroma all of its own and unsurpassed in quality.	
Duchess of Oldenburgh—A large, red-streaked, yellow apple, juicy, subacid and productive. The best and most popular summer apple.	
Fameuse, or Snow-Too well-known to need description.	
Jonathan—Medium red, extra quality, one of the chosen kind for winter evening eating. Juicy and aromatic.	
McIntosh—Red, of highest quality. Ripens in October.	
Northwestern Greening—Fruit is rich, yellow, and of good size. A long-keeper.	
Northern Spy—This apple that is known by all, liked by old and young alike, is planted by everyone, but is somewhat tardy in coming into bearing.	
Red Astrachan—Medium sized, beautiful deep crimson. A favorite eating and cooking apple. Ripens in August.	
Tolman Sweet—Medium, yellow and red, rich and sweet. The most valuable apple for baking and otherwise fine.	
Wagner—Medium sized, deep red in the sun, quality good. One of the earliest bearers, often setting fruit in the Nursery row.	
Wealthy—A medium, round, deep red fruit. Handsome and of good quality. Season, September to November; with care will keep 'til mid-winter.	
Yellow Transparent—An early apple of fine quality, flesh white, tender, juicy and good. It bears young, is productive and profitable.  Apple trees 5—7 feet, 2-year old, each	\$0.75
CRAB APPLES	
Transcendent—Jelly, carmine and yellow, juicy, acid, medium to large. Crab Apple Trees 5—7 feet, each	\$0.75
PEARS	
<ul> <li>Anjou—The best late fall and winter pear. Rich, buttery, melting.</li> <li>Bartlett—The pear all others are judged by. A great bearer and very popular. Buttery, juicy, and high-flavored, choices for canning.</li> <li>Clapp's Favorite—Large, juicy, and highly flavored. Yellow with dull red on the sunny side. One of the best, ripens last of August.</li> <li>Kieffer—Large and handsome, with long-keeping and shipping qualities. Can be kept to mid-winter, a great canning pear.</li> <li>Sheldon—Large, round and russet in appearance. Sweet, juicy and good to the taste. Highly satisfactory in every way. Pear trees 5—7 feet, 2-year old, each</li> </ul>	\$1.00
PLUMS	
Burbank—Productive to a fault, fruit about medium size. Quality fine and and sweet when fully ripened. A vigorous growing and spreading habit.	
German Prune—Long, medium size, small pit, from which the flesh separates freely. Its sweet, rich flavor makes it valuable for canning.  Green Gage—Large, round-ovate; green marked with red in the sun, hangs long on the tree, one of the best. Ripens late September.  Lombard—Violet red, juicy and good. Exceedingly productive and hardy. Yellow Egg—Very large, egg-shaped plum, excellent for canning.  Plum and Prune trees 5—7 feet, 2-year old, each	\$1.00
10	,

## **CHERRIES**

## Sweet Cherries

Black Tartarian—Very large, black, juicy and sweet. Ripens last of June. Gov. Wood—Large, light red, juicy, rich and delicious. Trees very productive.

## Sour Cherries

- Early Richmond-Medium size, dark-red, rich acid, juicy and good. The best. Ripens about the first of July.
- English Morello—Fair sized, blackish-red, rich acid, juicy. This is a favorite for late canning.
- Large, Late Montmorrency—Large, red, solid flesh, rich and good. Ripens ten days to two weeks later than the Early Richmond. Cherry Trees, 2-year old, No. 1, each \$1.00

## GRAPE VINES

Grapes may be grown on a fense or trellis, against a building with a sunny side exposure. A few vines will furnish fruit to a large family. The choice of varieties is so great that the taste of all may be satisfied.

## Black Grapes

- Concord—The standard grape by which all others are judged. It is a hardy vine, very productive but late in ripening.
- Worden-Berries and bunches are larger than Concord. Sweet and tender, ripens a week earlier than Concord. Fine for family use and nearby
- markets. Not so well suited for long shipping.
- Moore's Early—A fine early grape for family use or nearby markets. Ripens fully two weeks earlier than Concord. Flavor is sweet and delicious.
- Campbell's Early-Berries are large bunches, long and shouldered. Sweet, juicy and good. Has few small seeds, skin is firm, which insures the keeping quality of this grape. Grapes, each \$0.25

## Red Grapes

- Agawam-Berries large, sweet and aromatic. Ripens with Concord, but keeps much longer. It requires severe pruning as it is a strong
- Lucille—Bunches and berries are large. Flavor is delicious. It is a very productive variety and ripens earlier than Concord.
- Delaware—Bunches and berries are small but compactly set. Color is a beautiful pink, flavor sweet and delicious. Ripens earlier than Concord.

#### Per dozen \$2.00

## White Grapes

- Green Mountain—An extra early grape from Vermont. Vine is vigorous and hardy. Bunches loose and long, berries medium sized. Sweet and of very fine quality.
- Moore's Diamond—A leading white grape for home use or market. Ripens ten days ahead of Niagara. Flavor and quality excellent.
- Niagara-Ripens with Concord. Bunches and berries are large, color is greenish white. Flavor spicy but delicious. Grapes, each ......\$0.25 Per dozen ...... \$2.00

